

2021

Time: 2 Hours

Full Mark: 70

(Answer all questions and the figures in the right hand margin indicates marks)

1.

- a) Which security services are guaranteed when using each of the following methods to send mail at the post office? [6]
- Regular mail
  - Regular mail with delivery conformation
  - Regular mail with delivery and recipient signature
  - Certified mail
  - Insured mail
  - Registered mail

- b) Find the multiplicative inverse of residue matrix over  $Z_{10}$ . [8]

$$\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

**OR**

- c) Briefly explain different kind of cryptanalysis attacks. [6]
- d) Show that, how Extended Euclidean algorithm finds the multiplicative inverse of a number in  $Z_n$ ? Find the multiplicative inverse of 23 in  $Z_{100}$ . [8]

2.

- a) Use a Hill cipher to encipher the message "COOL". Use the following key. [6]

$$K = \begin{bmatrix} 03 & 02 \\ 05 & 07 \end{bmatrix}$$

- b) Discuss the known plaintext attack of above Hill cipher encryption. [8]

**OR**

- a) Construct a Playfair cipher matrix with the keyword 'occurrence' and find out the ciphertext of plaintext string: "let us meet". [6]
- b) Discuss encryption and decryption process of Affine cipher. How Affine cipher is vulnerable to chosen plaintext attack. [8]

3.

- a) Describe detail functionality of Data Encryption Standard (DES) with block diagram. [8]
- b) Use the extended Euclidean to find the inverse of  $(x^4 + x^3 + 1)$  in  $GF(2^5)$  using the modulus  $(x^5 + x^2 + 1)$ . [6]

**OR**

- c) Explain SubByte transformation of Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) with example. [8]
- d) Show how to multiply  $(10101)$  by  $(10000)$  in  $GF(2^5)$  and use  $(x^5 + x^2 + 1)$  as modulus. [6]

4.

- a) Briefly explain the idea behind ECC. [6]
- What is one-way function in this system?
  - What is trapdoor in this system?
  - Define the public and private key in this system.
  - Describe the security in this system.
- b) Given an Elliptic curve  $E: y^2 = x^3 + 2x + 2 \pmod{17}$  and point  $P=(5, 1)$  and  $Q=(7, 6)$ . Compute  $3P$  and  $P+Q$ . [8]

**OR**

- a) Describe the mathematical foundation of RSA algorithm. Perform encryption and decryption of following. [8]  
 $P=17, q=7, e=5, n=119$  and message= "6"
- c) Briefly explain the idea behind the RSA cryptosystem. [6]
- What is one-way function in this system?
  - What is trapdoor in this system?
  - Define the public and private key in this system.
  - Describe the security in this system.

5.

- d) Distinguish between a Modification detection code (MDC) and a Message authentication code (MAC). [6]
- e) Define and explain Digital signature standard (DSS). [8]

**OR**

- a) Consider Diffie-Hellman scheme with a common prime  $q=11$  and primitive root  $\alpha=2$ . [8]
- Show that 2 is primitive root of 11.
  - If user A has public key  $Y_A=9$ , what is A's private key?
  - If user B has public key  $Y_B=3$ , what is the secret key  $K$  shared with A?
- f) How Confidentiality and Nonrepudiation security services can achieve by digital signature? Explain. [6]