I-S-(M.Sc.-Chem)-CBCS-406-(Spect-I)R&B

2019

Time: As in Programme
Full Marks: 50

Answer all questions. The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

(a) Show that [a.b.c]⁻¹ = c⁻¹.b⁻¹.a⁻¹ where a, b and c are group elements.
 (b) Write down the point groups for the following:

 Boat and chair form of Cyclohexane; staggered and eclipsed form of ethane.

 (c) Find out the representation matrices and representation of the bond vectors of CHCl₃.
 (d) Reduce the representation.
 3

BBS_60_(3)

(Turn Over)

2.	(a)	Discuss briefly the phenomena of absorption, emission and transmission.	6
	(b)	What is the difference between natural line width and natural line broadening?	5
	(c)	What do you mean by transition moment integral? What is its significance?	6
3.	(a)	What do you mean by Zeeman effect? Discuss its significance.	7
	(b)	What is the term symbols for p^5 and d^1 configurations?	4
	(c)	What is the difference between R-S coupling and spin-orbit coupling?	6
		OR	
4.	(a)	What do you mean by vibronic transition? How does a forbidden transition is allowed by vibronic coupling?	6
	(b)	What do you mean by Franck-Condon active modes? Explain with examples.	5
	(c)	How many electronic peaks are expected for d^1 and d^2 transition metal complexes?	6

5.	(a)	Write a note on photoelectric effect.	8
	(b)	What chemical information is obtained from ESCA?	8
		OR	
6.	(a)	Discuss the classification of molecules according to their moments of inertia.	6
	(b)	Discuss the effect of isotopic substitution and external field on the frequency and intensity of Microwave spectra.	5+5